The European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organisation

The RNQP Project - funded by the EU, of benefit to the whole EPPO region

Event: EEC/EPPO Workshop on Regulated Pests: risk analysis and listing

Date: 2018-06-6/8

Martin Ward (Director General) - hq@eppo.int

EPPO criteria for participating in projects

Generally, according to the policy agreed by EPPO Council in 2014, involvement in projects has been approved where:

- EPPO has relevant capability (skills, networks, information)
- EPPO has spare capacity or can create it through recruitment
- There are clear synergies with EPPO's core programme of work
- There are other benefits to members from participation
- There are no conflicts of interest with EPPO's core programme

RNQP Project

... a 2-year project contracted with the EU COM for benefit to the entire EPPO region

WORKSHOP ON REGULATED PESTS: Risk analysis & listing

SESSION 2: Assessment of the RNQP status

1. The RNQP Project;



1 - Context

- RNQPs concept introduced in the New revised text of the IPPC (1997), and defined in ISPM 16 and ISPM 21;
- 'Union RNQPs' introduced within Regulation (EU) 2016/2031;

2016-11-23: Publication, 2016-12-13: Entry in force, 2019-12-13: Application

- ✓ Aim: limit the economic impact on the intended use (and not to prevent introduction or spread);
- ✓ Definition: clear identity, presence in the EU, not a quarantine pest, mainly transmitted by plants for planting, unacceptable economic impact on the intended use, risk management measures available;

2 – The RNQP Project A project funded by the EU COM

- about taxonomy, evaluation of the RNQP status, risk management measures (RMM) and tolerance levels;
- 1400 pest/host combinations:
- Pests listed in the EU Marketing Directives;
- Pests from Council Directive 2000/29/EC (mainly Annex IIA2) and candidate for the RNQP status according to IIA2 AWG;
- A 2 year project that started in April 2016:
- 2016-04-06: Signature of the contract with EU Commission;
- 2016-05-11: Kick-off meeting.

3 – Scope of the contract

- Pests not listed in MD or not submitted within IIA2AWG were out of scope;
- New host plants were identified and evaluated only if important crops;
- For pests not listed as species, the project started by referring to regulators and stakeholders through questionnaires;
- Use of PM 4 standards ("Production of healthy plants for planting"): Pests/hosts already listed in an EPPO PM 4 Standard "by default" considered as RNQP.

This was reviewed by experts within SEWGs.

Justifications mainly needed for deletions;

4 - Development of a methodology

PM4

A1 – Is the pest already listed in a PM4 standard on the concerned host plant? [by EPPO]

Yes: Recommended for the RNQP status – based on PM4

Continue

TAXONOMY STATUS IN EU PATHWAYS ECONOMIC IMPACT RMM E1 - Are there documented reports of B1 - Is the organism C1 - Is this pest D1 - Are the listed F1 - Are there already a any economic impact on the host? feasible and clearly a single plants for planting taxonomic entity and quarantine pest the main pathway [by EPPO, using Q.] effective for the can it be adequately for whole EU? measures pest/host/intended distinguished from other available to [by EPPO] Yes entities of the same use combination? prevent the E2 - What is the likely economic impact rank? [by EPPO] presence of the of the pest irrespective of its infestation (to evaluate if it is the pest on the plants "main" pathway, we source in the absence of phytosanitary Yes No for planting at an evaluate if plants for measures (= official measures)? [by incidence above a planting is a significant SEWGs1 pathway compared to certain threshold B2 - Is the pest defined Minimal, Minor, Medium, other pathways) (including zero) to at the species level or C2 - Is this pest Major, Massive avoid an lower*? [by EPPO] (by EPPO + present in the unacceptable SEWGs] EU? [by EPPO] E3 - Is the economic impact due to the economic impact Yes presence of the pest on the named host as regards the relevant host plant for planting, acceptable to the B4 - Is it justified that plants? [by B3 - Can listing of the propagation and end user sectors Yes concerned? [by SEWGs, using Q.] the pest is listed at a SEWGs] pest at a taxonomic level higher** than species be taxonomic rank Yes. supported by scientific below* species level? [by SEWGs] E4 - Is there unacceptable Continue reasons or can species Continue Continue Yes be identified within the economic impact caused to taxonomic rank which are other hosts (or the same host the (main) pests of with a different intended use) concern (If Yes, please produced at the same place of Continue list the species)? [by production due to the transfer EPPO, using Q.1 of the pest from the named host plant for planting ? [by SEWGs] Yes **→**Continue Continue

DATA QUALITY

G1 - Is the quality of the data sufficient to recommend the pest to be listed as a RNQP?? [by SEWGs]





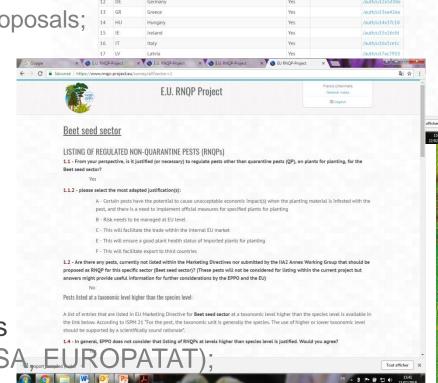
No: Recommended for the RNQP status - by default

5 – Call for evidence from Member States and EU stakeholders

- 2016-07/11: Questionnaire
- To evaluate entries not precisely defined in the Marketing directives;

To gather deregulation (and regulation) proposals;

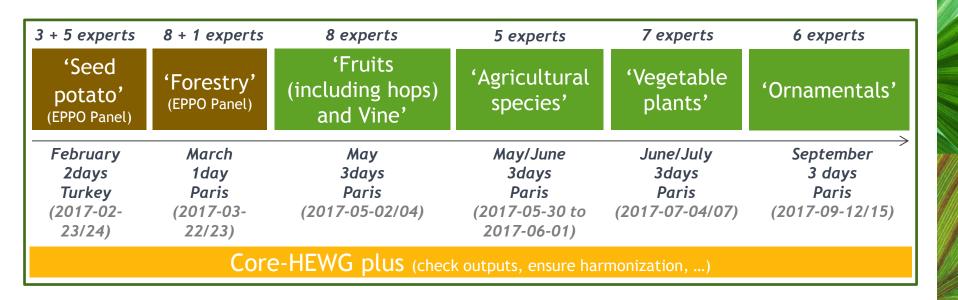
- To propose amendments to the current thresholds/requirements;
- To gather indications of economic value of plant for planting sectors.
- 24 out of 28 EU Member States replied (86% answer rate);
- 5 out of 15 EU Stakeholders associations (33% answer rate, AIPH, EFNA, ENA, ESA, E



Austria Belgium Bulgaria Croatia

Denmarl

6 – Six sector-EWGs to apply the methodology in relation to different sectors



half a day webinar was organized before each SEWG to present the methodology, to discuss answers to the questionnaires, and to prepare for the application of the methodology.

45 experts: Expertise from 16 EU + 5 non-EU countries;

7 – Country consultation through NPPOs asking for additional data

 2017-10 to 2017-11: Country consultation through NPPOs asking for any additional data to be taken into consideration;

8 countries + 2 Stakeholders associations (ENA, ESA) submitted comments

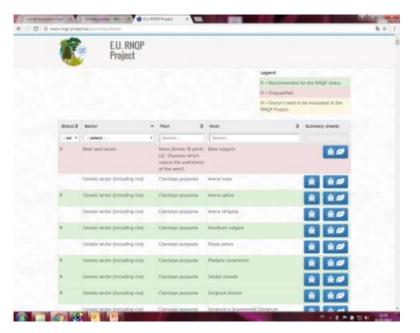
 2017-12-15: meeting (videoconference) of the core-HEWG (plus) for discussion of these additional data submitted and homogenization of the recommendations;

8 - Development of a database

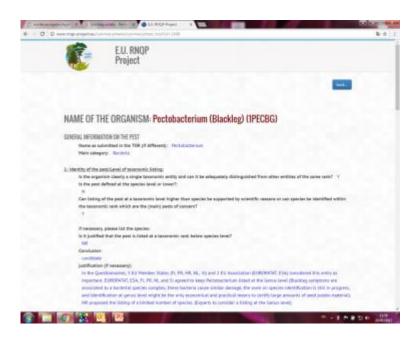
A single Excel spreadsheet;



... uploaded on an internet site to generate a single page summary for each pest/host combination:







9 – A final Report sent to the EU COM

2018-04: Final report;



ORGANISATION EUROPEENNE ET MEDITERRANEENNE POUR LA PROTECTION DES PLANTES

EUROPEAN AND MEDITERRANEAN PLANT PROTECTION ORGANIZATION

Topic Leader(s): Mr Camille Picard

Date: 2018-01-11

Reference: 17-23244

Final report for EU Quality Pests Project (RNQP project)

Final report in accordance with Annex 1 ('Tender specifications'), section 11 ('Reports and documents to be submitted') of the contract SANTE/2016/G1/SI2.726941.



Kivel plants produced in pasts in the South-West of France (Comelle PICARD, 201

The subject of the contract is the 'Review of the EU regulated quality pests and development of risk assessments for a list of Union Quality Pests to be established by the European Commission in the framework of the new Regulation on protective measures against pests of plants ('EU Quality Pest Project')'.

OEPP/EPPO, 21 Boulevard Richard Lenoir, 75011 Paris

Tel.: +33-1.45.20.77.94 - E-mail: hq@eppo.int

Conclusion

• Number of meetings: 17

1 kick-off meeting; 3 Horizontal-EWGs; 6 Webinars;

6 Sector-EWGs; 1 coreHEWGplus;



• Number of experts:

18 (Horizontal-EWG) + **45** (Sector-EWGs); Experts working on Directive 2000/29/EC and on Marketing Directives;



Countries directly involved in the project:

Expertise from 16 EU + 5 non-EU countries;

24 out of 28 EU countries replied to the RNQP Questionnaire;



Stakeholders associations:

5 out of 15 associations replied to the RNQP Questionnaire (AIPH, EFNA, ENA, ESA, EUROPATAT);

